Burnet, Son & Campbell 1886 - 1897

Burnet, Son & Campbell was an architectural partnership formed in Glasgow, Scotland in 1897 by John Burnet (1814-1901), John James Burnet (1857-1938), and John Archibald Campbell (1859-1909). The partnership was dissolved in 1897.

Worked in UK Works

Corrienessan, Loch Ard, Aberfoyle (1886-87); Barony Parish Church, Glasgow (1886); 6Shawlands Parish Church, Glasgow (1886); Ewing Gilmour Institute for Working Girls, Alexandria, Dunbartonshire (1888); St Molio's Parish Church, Shiskine, Arran, Bute (1888); Villas for J. Smellie Jnr, Glasgow (1888); Charing Cross Mansions and shops, Glasgow (1889); Marine Hotel, Elie, Fife (1889); Garmoyle, Dunbarton, Dunbartonshire (1890); Tullichewan Arms, Balloch, Dunbartonsire (1891); Aerated Water Factory, 65 East King Street, Helensburgh, Dunbartonshire (1892); Cathedral Court, workmen's housing, Glasgow (1892); Royal Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow (1892); Arbroath Parish Church, Arbroath, Angus (1892); Established Church, Glenboig, Lanarkshire Campbeltown Cottage Hospital, Argyll (1894-96); Dundas United Presbyterian Church, Grangemouth, Stirlingshire (1893-94); Glasgow Western Infirmary, Pathology Building, Glasgow (1894); Kirklee Station, Glasgow (1894); Princes Dock and hydraulic power station, Queen's Dock and Cessnock Dock, Glasgow (1894); Village Hall, Brodick, Arran (1894); Glasgow Cross Station, Glasgow (1895); Public Baths and gymnasium, Alloa, Clackmannanshire (1895); Aerated Water Factory, Glasgow (1896); Albany Chambers and shops, Charing Cross, Glasgow (1896); Albany Mansions, Glasgow (1896-99); Anderston Cross Station and associated buildings, Glasgow (1896-99); Clydebank Riverside Station, Dunbartonshire (1896-97); Kelvinside Station, Glasgow (1896-97)

For a more detailed list of works by Burnet Son & Campbell see entry in Dictionary of Scottish Architects 1660-1980

Links

• Dictionary of Scottish Architects 1660-1980 http://www.scottisharchitects.org.uk/architect_full.php?id=100125